Tribunals. Of this, 24,021 cases were disposed of by the Tribunals and 14,778 persons have been declared as illegal migrants. The detection and deportation of foreign national/illegal migrant is a continuous process and action is being taken by the Government regularly for detection of illegal migrants and their deportation.

Trafficking of drugs and arms along India-Myanmar Border

938. SHRI PRAKASH JAVADEKAR: Will the Minister of HOME AFFAIRS be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that large amount of drugs, narcotics and arms trafficking takes place along India-Myanmar Border;

(b) if so, the details thereof; and

(c) the details, how Government contemplates to tackle this problem?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS (SHRIMATI V. RADHIKA SELVI): (a) and (b) The Indo-Myanmar border is long, porous and not fenced. A free movement regime for indigenous tribals also exists. In the circumstances, the border is vulnerable to illegal cross-border activities/crime including trafficking of arms, drugs and narcotics. As per details available from the designated Border Guarding Force, details of seizure/recovery are as below:—

Year	Arms	Ganja	**Drugs** (**in kg.**)		
			Heroin	Opium	Brown suger
2005	203	34918	0.215	0.250	0.015
2006	332	26384	1.015	0.100	—
2007	322	14445	1.218	12.020	0.265
2008	516	10457	—	7.200	0.075
2009 upto 16.2.2009	65	562	—	98	—

In addition, the Narcotics Control Bureau has reported that the following quantity of heroin (suspected to have been trafficked from Myanmar) was seized in the North-Eastern States during the last three years:—

2006	2007	2008 (Provisional)
7.550 kgs	6.780 kgs	12.650 kgs

(c) The Assam Rifles has been deployed on the India-Myanmar border and a multi-pronged operation strategy has been put in place to curb the cross-border crimes including smuggling of drugs, narcotics and arms. *Inter-alia*, the following measures have been taken:—

(i) Effective domination of the International Border by means of patrolling, round the clock surveillance and effective deployment of Force in sensitive areas.

(ii) Good intelligence network and liaison with State Police, narcotics department and other civil/intelligence agencies. Effective joint operation by different agencies based on actionable intelligence.

(iii) India and Myanmar have a bilateral agreement for prevention of illicit trafficking in narcotic drugs. Besides, there are institutional arrangements between the two countries for addressing trans-border crimes, like periodic meetings at Secretary level and field level officials.

(iv) The area along 100 kms. of the India-Myanmar border has been notified under the Customs Act for preventing illicit trade of Acetic Anhydride, a precursor chemical used for manufacturing heroin.

Strengthening Home Guards

939. DR. JANARDHAN WAGHMARE: Will the Minister of HOME AFFAIRS be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government is thinking to strengthen the Home Guards by giving them massive training in view of the necessity of Civil defence in the face of terrorists attacks; and

(b) if so, the steps proposed to be taken in this regard?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS (SHRIMATI V. RADHIKA SELVI): (a) and (b) No, Sir. There is no such proposal.

Licences issued for running discotheques in Delhi

940. SHRIMATI VIPLOVE THAKUR: Will the Minister of HOME AFFAIRS be pleased to state:

(a) whether a number of Licences have been issued during 2006-08 by Delhi Police to restaurants and bars of the city for running discotheques;

(b) if so, the terms and conditions for issuing such licences;

(c) whether these discotheques do not abide by terms and conditions of Licencing Authority;

(d) whether Government ever monitor the functioning of these discotheques;

(e) if so, whether the irregularities in the functioning of such discotheques have been brought to the notice of Government; and

(f) if so, the action taken/proposed to be taken by Government in this regard?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS (SHRIMATI V. RADHIKA SELVI): (a) and (b) Only one discotheques licence has been issued by Delhi Police during 2006 to 2008. Licence is issued to the discotheque as per the terms and conditions laid down in the regulations for the licensing and the Controlling Places of Amusements (other than cinema) and Performance for the Public Amusement, 1980. The details of the terms and conditions are enclosed as a Statement. (*See* below).